# DISABILITY MAPPING IN KAPILVASTU













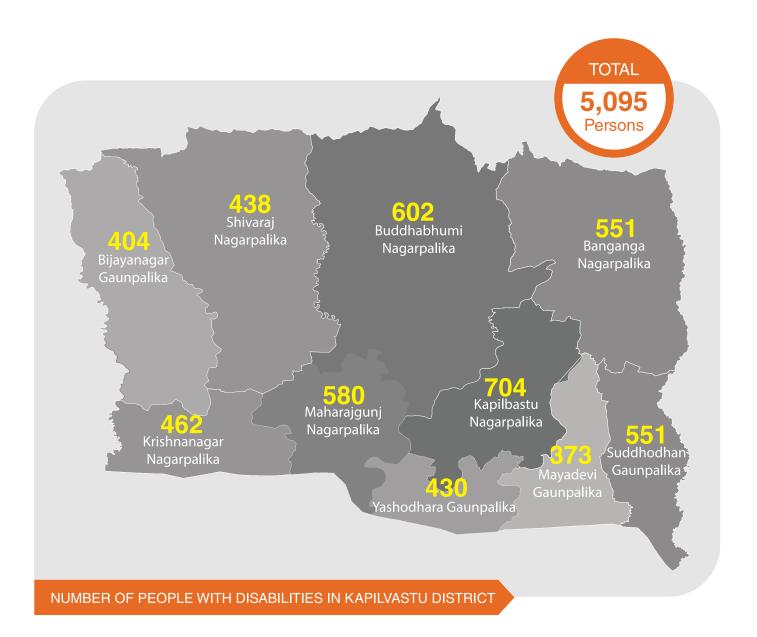


BY FAIRMED, NEPAL

# **DISABILITY OVERVIEW**

"Disability is an umbrella term, covering impairments, activity limitations and participation restrictions. Impairment is a problem in body function or structure; an activity limitation is a difficulty encountered by an individualy in executing a task or action; while a participation restriction is a problem experienced by an individual in involvement in life situations."

World Health Organization (WHO)



Globally, 19.4% of the total population (975 million) live with disability, while the figure is 1.9% in Nepal (Global Burden of Diseases, Nepal Census 2011). According to the household survey conducted by FAIRMED in 2018 in Kapilvastu district, the proportion of people living with disability in Kapilvastu district is 0.9%.



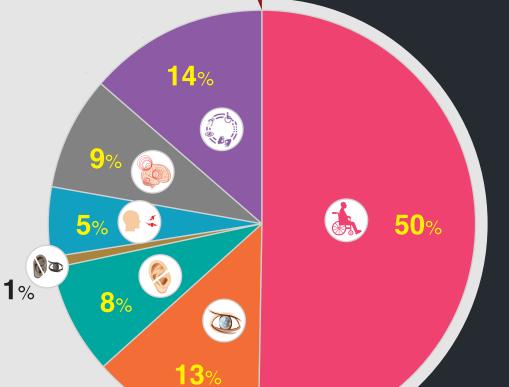
# TYPES OF DISABILITY OBSERVED THROUGHOUT KAPILVASTU





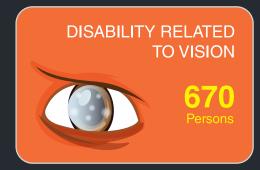
1 out of 112 persons in Kapilvastu is living with somekind of disability

TOTAL 5095







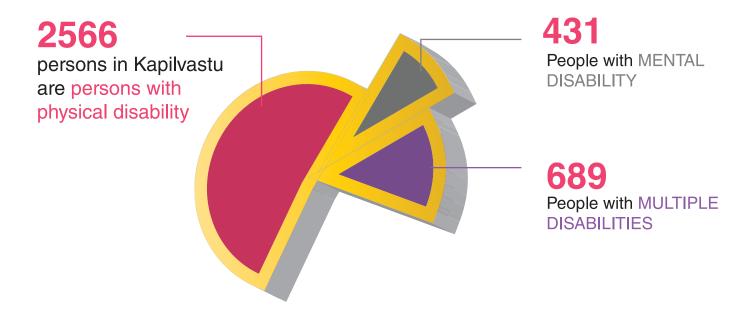


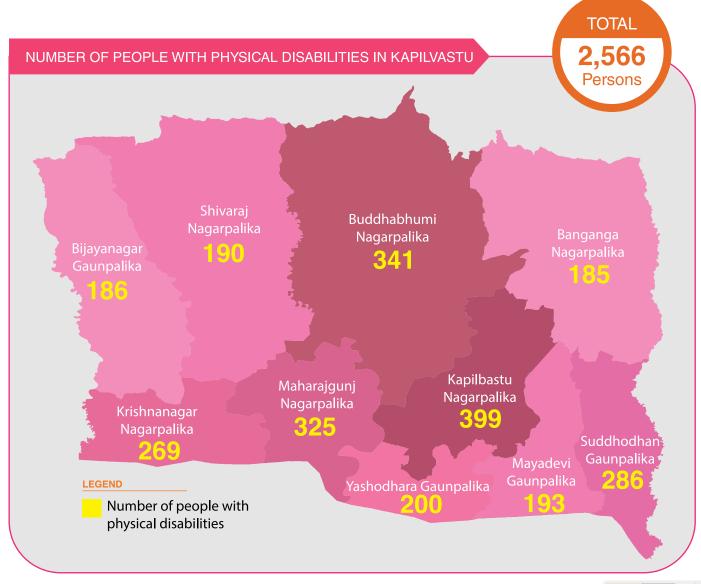






# PHYSICAL DISABILITY IN KAPILVASTU







# TYPES OF PHYSICAL DISABILITY OBSERVED THROUGHOUT KAPILVASTU

Number of people with physical disabilities





**PARALYSIS** 456



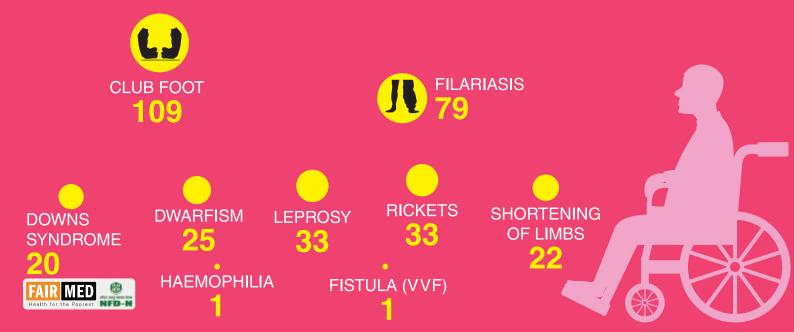
**POLIO** 524



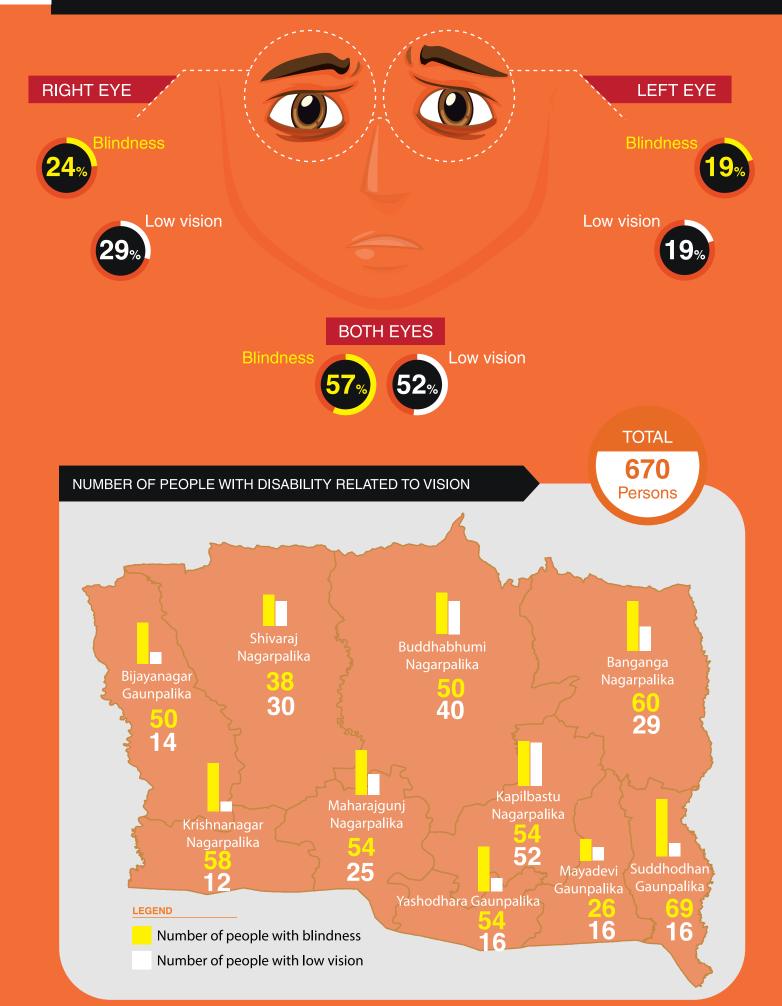
LIMBS/SPINE MALFORMATION (CONGENITAL) 353





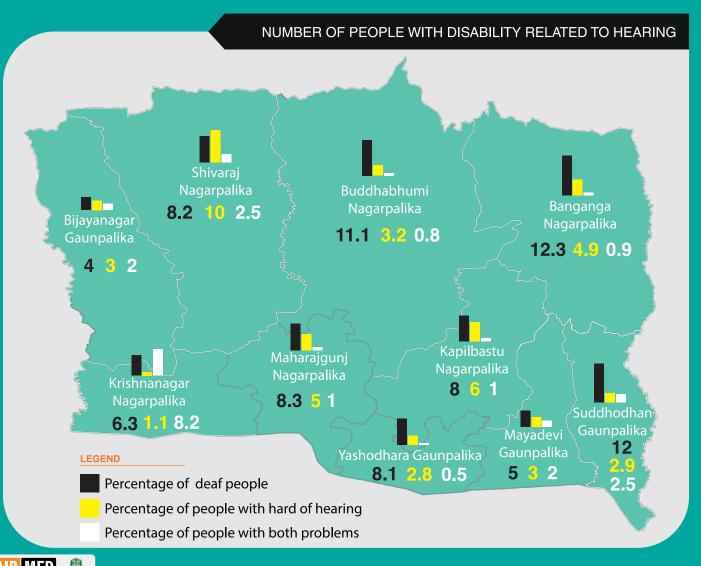


# DISABILITY RELATED TO VISION



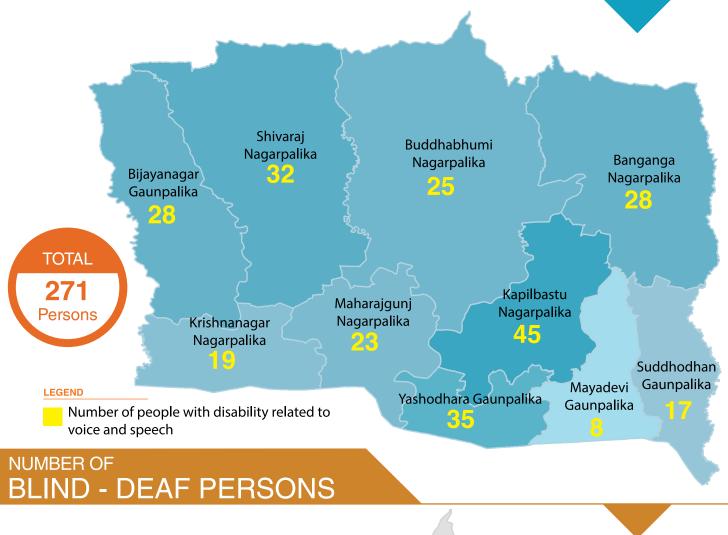


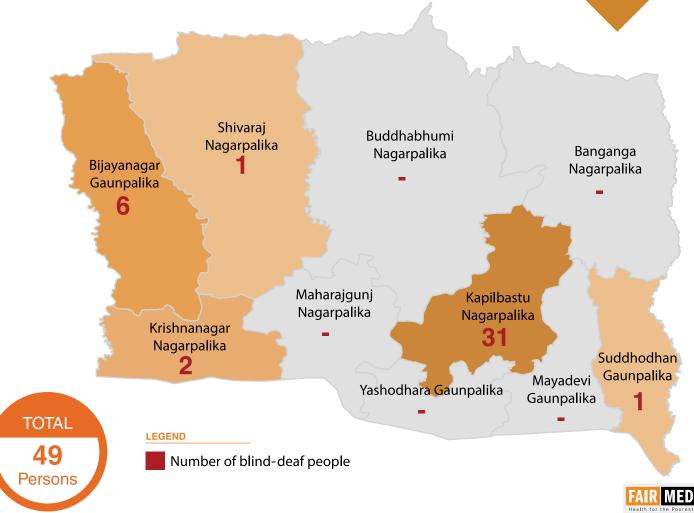


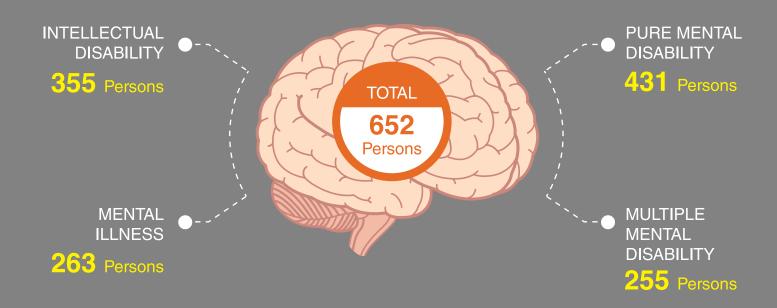


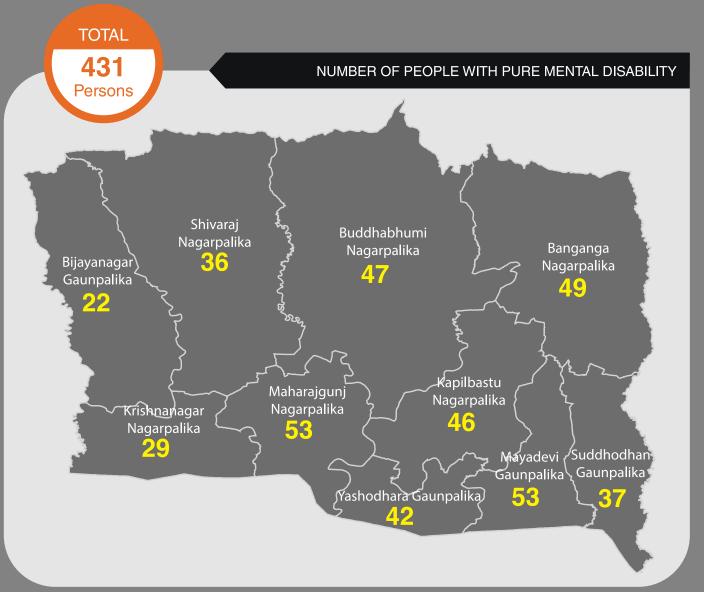


# DISABILITY RELATED TO VOICE AND SPEECH







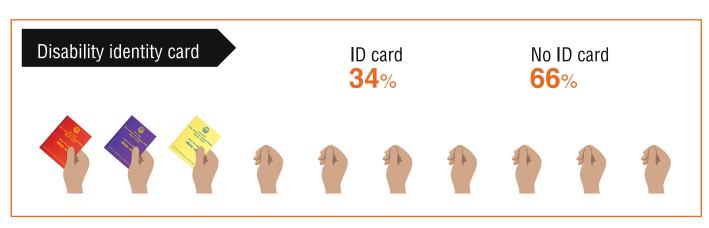




# STATUS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITY

# Causes of disability Percentage of people with disabilities OTHERS OTHERS Others 62% Accident Natural Calamities Others 13% 0.16% 3%



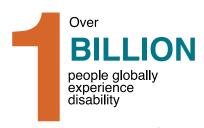






# Better health for people with disabilities







in 7 people

People with disabilities have the same general health care needs as others

### But they are:

more likely to find health care providers' skills and facilities inadequate

more likely to be denied health care

more likely to be treated badly in the health care system





of people with disabilities cannot affiord health care

They are more likely to suffer catastrophic health expenditure



These out of pocket health care payments can push a family into poverty

Rehabilitation and assistive devices can enable people with disabilities to be independent



people need glasses or other low-vision devices and do not have access to them



people need a wheelchair Only **5-15%** have access to one

people globally have moderate to profound hearing loss

production of hearing aids only meets:

0% of global need

3% of developing countries; needs

Making all health care services accessible to people with disabilities is achievable and will reduce unacceptable health disparities



remove physical barriers to health facilities, information and equipmrnt



make health care affordable



train all health care workers in disability issues including rights



invest inspecific services such as rehabilitation

**Source**: World report on disability: www.who.int/disabilities/world\_report

\*icons modified due to print issues



# **DISABILITY MAPPING IN KAPILVASTU**





Percentage of people with disability related to hearing

418





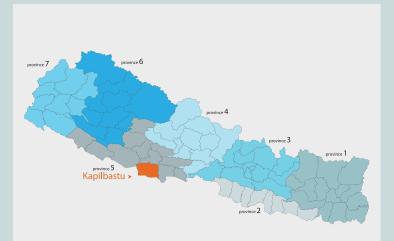
Number of persons with disability related to voice and speech



Number of blind - deaf persons

49







# **FAIRMED NEPAL**

Kalika Marga, Sanepa 2 (cha) Lalitpur, Nepal

PO Box: 10047

Tel: +977-01-5013180 Email: nepal@fairmed.ch Website: www.fairmed.org.np

## **FAIRMED**

Aarbergergasse 29

Ch - 3011 Berne

Tel: +41 (0) 31 311 77 97 Fax: +41 (0) 31 318 08 41 Email: info@fairmed.ch Website: www.fairmed.ch





# FAIRMED'S DISABILITY INCLUSIVE APPROACH

FAIRMED believes that the issue of disability is common challenge that needs to be addressed by all. We believe that strategic interventions are necessary to address existing gaps between policy provisions and implementation with disability inclusiveness. Raise awareness on disability and their rights, reduce discrimination and build disabled friendly infrastructures are some of the key actions to bring people with disability in the forefront of development. FAIRMED applies the approach of Disability Inclusive Development. The concept aims at closing the inequality and poverty gap by making development opportunities inclusive for people with disabilities. Similarly, FAIRMED operates within the legal framework of Universal Human Rights Declaration and the Convention of the Rights of people with disabilities (UNCRPD) with a focus on the Right to Basic Health.

In order to productively carry out its DID approach and to ascertain optimal results, FAIRMED actively networks and collaborates with national and international organizations, implementing partners, respective government agencies and stakeholders to exchange expertise and build synergy.

## Possible interventions for Disability Inclusion

FAIRMED Nepal will implement interventions related to disability by aligning its global strategy (DID) with National Health Policy 2014 and NHSS III, which have prioritized the improvement in accessibility of persons with disabilities to health services.

### Following are some examples of interventions:

- Promotion of disability friendly health services.
- Piloting in some health facilities to develop it as a model institution for disability friendly health services (at least one model institution in each district).
- Advocacy for disability accessible services
- Support for disability accessible services
- Supporting independent living for people with disabilities.
- Support to develop mechanism to collect and disseminate disability related information through health facilities.
- Support to develop mechanisms to deliver basic health services to people with disabilities.





Above: Disability Mapping Orientation to Enumerators by Gopal Bhusal, Chairperson of Netrajyoti Sangh



**Above:** Sailesh Gupta, who was facilitated to receive a tricycle during the assistive device distribution event

